AP English Literary Reduction

Title:	Plot development – (include specific details)	Major/Minor Characters:
Author:		
Genre:		
Point of View:		
Setting/Atmosphere:		Symbols/Irony – Connect to Themes
Holistic Interpretation (summary of th	e story – I sentence)	hemes:
Significance of Title:		

Name

<u>Three</u> (3) significant quotes (quote, why quote is significant)

AP English Literary Reduction

Title:

Author:	Do not try to fit in the entire plot. Choose plot elements that connect to	Like "plot," choose those characters that help you see the THEME . How do they
Genre: Novel, drama, epic poem?	themes and note HOW they connect to the theme.	connect?
Point of View: 1st person, 3rd person (limited? Omniscient?	DO include elements from beginning, middle, and end.	
Setting/Atmosphere: Where/When does the story take place AND how does the setting create mood or reflect some other aspect of the author's purpose?	One way to approach this is to choose one conflict (that leads to theme) and include plot details that show how that conflict develops and resolves .	Symbols/Irony – Connect to Themes Choose symbols that you can explain AND connect to theme . It's not enough to say that "Exhibit A" is a symbol; you'll have to explain HOW. Irony often gives us insight into author's attitude—how does the irony in your

Plot development – (include specific details)

Holistic Interpretation (summary of the story – I sentence) Your summary should lead to your **theme** as well.

Significance of Title: By "significance" we mean, "How does the title of the book help readers see important aspects of the story – most notably theme?"

<u>Three</u> (3) significant quotes (quote, why quote is significant)

You will need to go into the AP exam with some significant quotations A) memorized and B) analyzed. That's what this box is for. Choose quotations that give insight into the **THEME** and/or to **CHARACTER** development. Choose quotations that you think "speak" for the entire novel.

Themes: Don't try to make this a "lesson." What facets of the **human condition** does the author deal with? What questions does the work raise? What observations does the author advance **about humanity**?

Name

text do that?

Major/Minor Characters:

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Title: <u>To Kill a Mockingbird</u>	 Plot development – (include specific details) Opens with Scout's first day of school – her 	Major/Minor Characters: Major: Atticus Finch, Jem, Scout
Author: Harper Lee	first trip into the larger world outside her home – she learns that not everyone is like	Minor: Tom Robinson, Boo Radley,
Genre: Novel	 her. Atticus takes Tom's case – makes him unpopular. Scout/Jem wonder why. 	Mrs. Dubose
Point of View: First Person (Scout)	 Scout fights at school – tries to make others bend to her worldview Atticus counsels Scout on seeing things 	
Setting/Atmosphere: Maycomb, Alabama = Anytown, USA. Everybody knows everybody – which gives the illusion that everything runs smoothly. This sets up Scout's conflict and seeking answers to her questions about things she's always "known."	 from others' perspective. Jem wants Atticus to fight to show he's not weak. Tom's trial shows both Jem and Scout that Atticus is not weak. Jem and Scout are attacked by Bob Euell. Reclusive Boo Radley saves them. 	Symbols/Irony – Connect to Themes Mockingbird – symbolic of innocence. Connected to both Tom R. and Boo.
	the story – I sentence) Scout Finch reflects on lency to choose "convenient" over "right" and the	hemes: Raises questions about

the summer she learned about humanity's tendency to choose "convenient" over "right" and th nature of true courage.

Significance of Title: Atticus forbids Jem to kill a mockingbird because it's a "sin." Maudie explains that mockingbirds are innocent and only seek to live in beauty. Reflects both Tom and Boo's situations.

Themes: Raises questions about courage and justice. In both cases, we wrestle with the truth that there are no easy answers.

Name

Three (3) significant quotes (quote, why quote is significant)

- "[Courage] is when you know you're licked before you begin but you begin anyway and see it through no matter what." (Atticus) Shows the determination/resolve that only later answers Scout's/Jem's concerns about injustice.
- "You never really understand a person. . . until you climb into his skin and walk around in it." (Atticus) Speaks for the way Atticus treats others but also for the way Scout tries to see the world (with limited success)
- "Hey, Mr. Cunningham! How's your entailment getting' along?" (Scout) An innocent statement from a child, this not only breaks up the lynch mob (literally) but figuratively allows us to see the imperfections of those who've set themselves up in judgment of Tom's humanity.